## Promoting Safe Visitation During COVID-19

#### Cohort 7 Session 13

February 26, 2021

9:30 am

Please note, Project ECHO collects registration, participation, questions/answers, chat comments, and poll responses for some ECHO programs. Your individual data will be kept confidential. These data may be used for reports, maps, communications, surveys, quality assurance, evaluation, research, and to inform new initiatives.

















## Today's Agenda

Follow-up from Session 12 – Promoting Safe Care Transitions during COVID-19

Promoting Safe Visitation during COVID-19 & Case Study

Performance Improvement Discussion

Wrap-up and Poll

Video

Questions & Answers













## Session 12 Follow Up Promoting Safe Care Transitions During COVID-19

Follow-up Questions?















## Promoting Safe Visitation during COVID-19



Queen Anne Nursing Home, Hingham













## Why is it so important to reopen nursing facilities to visitation

Humans are social beings

 The elderly are particularly vulnerable to the effects of isolation















## Lack of social interaction in the elderly can lead to:

- Changes in mood such as depression and anxiety
- Decline in mentation
- Increase in behaviors in residents with Dementia.
- Decreased desire to eat leading to weight loss.

- Can cause other physiological effects such as increased blood pressure or cardiovascular events.
- Some studies have shown that social isolation can lead to premature death













## Regulatory Timeline-CMS



#### March 13

 Restriction of All Visitors except Compassionate Care May 18

 CMS Issues Reopening Guidance

Sept 17

 Indoor **Visitation** Guidance Sept 28

 CMS Issues Revised Reopening Guidance













## Key Points from Guidance (CMS)

#### **County Positivity Rates:**

 Utilize the COVID-19 county positivity rate as additional information to determine how to facilitate indoor visitation:

#### **Visitor Testing:**

- Not required but facilities are encouraged in medium or high-positivity counties to test visitors, if feasible.
- If testing facilities should prioritize visitors that visit regularly (e.g., weekly), although any visitor can be tested.
- Facilities may also encourage visitors to be tested on their own prior to coming to the facility (e.g., within 2–3 days) with proof of negative test results and date of test.













## Regulatory Timeline DPH



#### March 16

•Restrict all except Compassionate Care

#### July 2

Outdoor Visits

#### September 15

Indoor Visits –
 no confirmed or
 suspected cases
 on the unit, wing
 or floor in the
 past 14 days

#### November 4

Visitor Testing

#### December 7

•Indoor visit – no confirmed or suspected cases in the facility in the past 14 days

#### February 3

•Revert to September Guidance

















## Update – EOHHS Letter 2/19/21



#### COVID-19 Prevention Protocols Post-Vaccination

February 19th, 2021

Many families and friends of loved ones residing in long-term care communities have asked whether there will be changes to COVID-19 policies, in particular visitation, now that residents are fully vaccinated. Since June 3rd, families and friends have been able to visit their loved ones. You may visit your loved one so long as there have not been any new cases on your loved one's floor or unit for 14 days as outlined in visitation guidance from the Department of Public Health (DPH). This policy was recently revised as prior to this change, visitation was not allowed when there were any positive cases in the facility. DPH will continue to modify these policies gradually as more communities become fully vaccinated, and as we learn more from the CDC.

It is important to recognize that fully vaccinated individuals can still contract COVID-19 and spread the virus to others. COVID-19 safety protocols have helped contain infections dramatically since last March, and we want to keep infections to a minimum, particularly given recent information that several virus variants could spread rapidly. You can find more information on the current number of COVID-19 cases and deaths in nursing homes and rest homes, referred to as Long-Term Care (LTC) Facilities, on the DPH Daily Dashboard under "COVID-19 Cases in Long-Term Care (LTC) Facilities."

#### When will I be able to visit my loved one in a long-term care facility?

You may visit your loved so long as there have not been any new cases on your loved one's floor or unit for 14 days. As outlined in the visitation guidance from DPH, facilities must allow residents the opportunity to visit for at least 45 minutes with their loved one; visitation is critically important to a longterm care resident's emotional well-being and quality of life and therefore we encourage you to visit if able. Regardless of the vaccination status of your loved one or those within the facility, it is important to continue to adhere to COVID-19 safety protocols. As we all know, COVID-19 can spread rapidly in LTC. Furthermore, fully vaccinated residents may experience little or no symptoms, and inadvertently transmit the virus to visitors.

#### What else will change in long-term care facilities after residents are vaccinated?

#### Isolation and quarantine precautions:

At this point, isolation and guarantine recommendations for staff and residents have not changed, even if the person has received one or two doses of the COVID-19 vaccine. This includes quarantine for staff and residents after an exposure, and residents after admission to the long-term care facility.

#### COVID-19 Testing:

Testing will continue as currently outlined in DPH guidance, Long Term Care Surveillance Testing, regardless of vaccination status for individual residents or staff in the long-term care facility. This includes weekly testing of all staff, testing of symptomatic staff and residents as well as more extensive outbreak testing of all residents and staff when a new COVID-19 case is identified.

#### Screening:

Screening residents, staff, and visitors for signs and symptoms of illness will continue as outlined in DPH guidance, even after residents and staff at the facility have been vaccinated. There have been no changes to recommendations for screening for signs and symptoms of COVID-19 in long-term care facilities. No

staff should work with fever or symptoms of acute illness, regardless of whether it is caused by COVID-19 or another illness.

#### Stop the Spread Recommendations for Long Term Care Staff:

Staff members have played a vital role in caring for loved ones in LTC facilities and further play an important role in protecting the health and wellbeing of residents. Staff continue to take preventative measures such as wearing a mask both at work and in the community, social distancing, and practicing proper hand hygiene regardless of whether they have been vaccinated. These measures protect the staff, their families and others in the community.

#### When will my loved one's facility return to "normal"?

We know that the past year has been extremely difficult for families, their loved ones and the staff that care for them. While we are entering a promising new phase, we must remain vigilant and continue to follow public health recommendations that can reduce the spread and impact of the virus.

In the months ahead, the Commonwealth will consider changes in recommendations for visitation, testing, screening, personal protective equipment use, and isolation/quarantine, for long-term care facilities after reviewing any future recommendations from the CDC and other national partners. Until that time, long-term care facilities should continue to follow current state and federal guidance.

#### Family Resources and Information

Additional resources and information for families and loved ones of residents in nursing homes, rest homes, and assisted living facilities can be found at the Long Term Care COVID-19 Family Information

If you have additional questions, the Nursing Home Family Resource Line at 617-660-5399 is available for family members and loved ones of nursing home, rest home, and assisted living residents.

The Nursing Home Family Resource Line is staffed Monday through Friday from 9:00 AM - 5:00 PM. Staff field questions on a range of topics and coordinate across state agencies to help provide answers.













## Core Principles of COVID-19 Infection Prevention

- Screening of all who enter the facility for signs and symptoms of COVID 19 (e.g., temperature checks, questions or observations a bout signs and symptoms) and denial of entry of those with signs and symptoms
- Hand hygiene (use of alcohol-based hand rub is preferred for mitigation of COVID 19)
- Face Covering or mask (covering mouth and nose)
- Social distancing of at least six (6) feet between persons
- Specific entries, exits, and routes to designated visitation areas.
- Instructional signage throughout the facility and proper visitor education on COVID 19 signs and symptoms, infection control precautions, other applicable practices (exits, routes to designated areas)
- Cleaning and disinfecting high frequency touched surfaces in the facility often, and in designated visitation after each visit
- Appropriate staff use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- Effective cohorting of residents (e.g., separate areas dedicated COVID 19 care)
- Resident and staff testing conducted as required at 42 CFR 483.80(h)













## **Visitation**



**Virtual** 

Face time, Zoom, Skype, Google Duo







#### **Outdoor**

Window visits

Designated outdoor visitation space



#### Indoor

Compassionate Care visits

Designated indoor visitation space

Resident room visits

















Queen Anne Nursing Home, Hingham

Outdoor visitation space

















Baypointe Rehab and Skilled Care Center, Brockton Indoor visitation space













- First photo is the outdoor space
- Second photo is the "Drive Thru" Testing Window
  - Previously used for symptomatic staff previously
  - Now used for BINAX testing for visitors before indoor visits
  - Great 'outside the box' tool





Broad Reach Healthcare at Liberty Commons, North Chatham















- Main dining room utilized for family visits
- The visits occur simultaneously at the four far corners of the room (circled).
- The family members are seated 6ft apart from the resident on the opposite side of the round tables.

Revolution Kimwell, Fall River













### Your Indoor and FaceTime Visits

#### For Indoor visits:

- Visitors call and schedule a visit with the Activity Director or Social Workers.
- Certain times and dates are reserved for residents who are on quarantine precautions. For the quarantine residents, they are to only wear a mask, the staff wear full PPE (mask, gown, face shield, gloves) while transporting and while supervising visits, and the guests must wear full PPE as well. For non-quarantine visits, the resident's wear a face mask, guests wear a mask and face shield, and staff wear a facemask and face shield.
- The Residents are escorted to the main dining room where the visit take. There are four visit slots available per 45-minute appointment times. The Residents are escorted by the activities staff and either myself or the activities aids will sit in and supervised the entire visits, and clean and sanitize after each table. A log is kept for the visits and who enters the facility as well as a log for cleaning and sanitizing the visit areas.

#### FaceTime Visits:

• The iPad is brought to the resident by the activities staff and they help the resident with visit if needed. If not, they allow them their privacy and return for the iPad after the visit, the iPad is then logged and sanitized when returned to the activities office. Face Time visits can be scheduled at any time. In the absence of the activities staff member, the Nurses and CNAs can also set up the iPad for the resident, and this is always coordinated between the Activity Director and the nurse. If a resident is on quarantine, we use a separate iPad specifically assigned to quarantined rooms which is as logged and sanitized after exiting the resident's room.

Revolution Kimwell, Fall River













## Compassionate Care Visits

Compassionate care situations" does not exclusively refer to end-of-life situations.

- A resident, who was living with their family before recently being admitted to a nursing home, is struggling with the change in environment and lack of physical family support.
- A resident who is grieving after a friend or family member recently passed away.
- A resident who needs cueing and encouragement with eating or drinking, previously provided by family and/or caregiver(s), is experiencing weight loss or dehydration.
- A resident, who used to talk and interact with others, is experiencing emotional distress, seldom speaking, or crying more frequently (when the resident had rarely cried in the past.)











## Case Study

- 93 year old female resident. Signed onto hospice services on 2/8 with a diagnosis of dementia and related disorders. Significant weight loss. Family wants to have better "access" to their mother, especially given that she is on hospice. She is legally blind and has dementia but knows her family. She has a private room.
- Building currently works with recreation to schedule either an in person or virtual visit with residents. Given the volume, residents may get only one visit per week. Family has worked with team for increased visits but this is confusing to recreation team who may feel like it's unfair to others as she is not at active end of life.
- She has 5 children and a spouse. Visits have occurred in the dedicated spaces for routine visiting, but one daughter requesting that her father in particular visit on the neighborhood so they can have more privacy and be closer to each other.
- Her children want to bring her coffee and appropriate small items for her to eat during the visits because it's something they can do for her and it makes them all feel better.













## Case Study

- How are we able to allow her spouse to visit during a compassionate care visit and honor a request for them to be closer to one another when we have to enforce social distancing?
- Should we be able to allow her to drink fresh/hot coffee and have a small snack during the visit? (We are guided for all to have face masks on.)
- What is the guidance if the family wants to physically assist her to eat?
- How do we manage the time of the physical escort to the room and subsequent monitoring of the visit as this will start to occur for multiple residents.













## Human Frailty and Standard Work

Martha Hayward, IHI





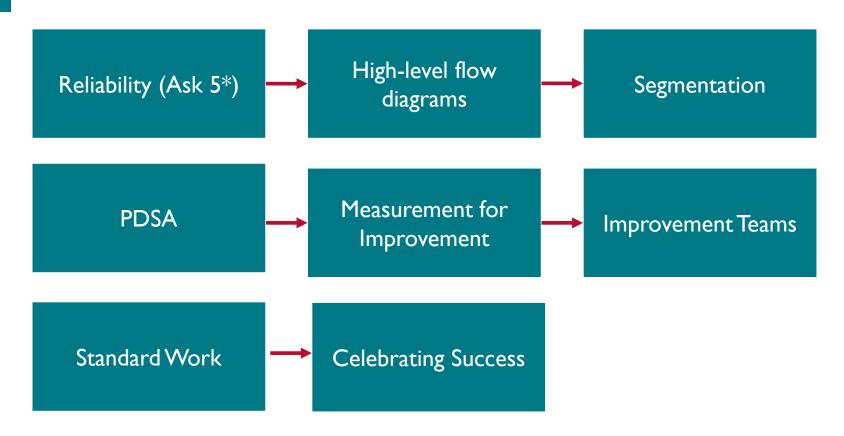


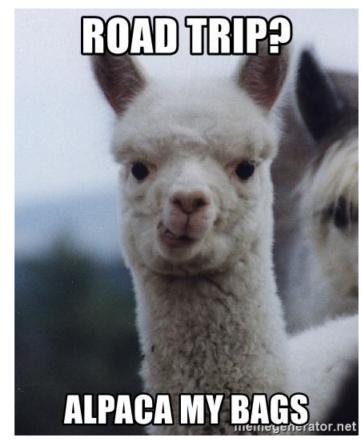






## The QI Journey





Ask 5: Who, When, Where, How, What













# Human Frailty

Accepting human failure in process design

## Some Observations



If 80% of those using the designed process understand and believe **why the** project is important then you are ready for implementation.



Relying on humans to always do the right thing even if they want to is a poor design assumption.



Relying solely on education, training and vigilance to guarantee process acceptance will likely cause process failure.



The best way to achieve implementation of an idea even if the **why** is highly accepted is to assume human failure and design appropriately

# Education and Training

- Absolutely required but not sufficient.
- Tends to be the only implementation tool for most processes.
- Uses and wastes a lot of resources.
- Often uses compliance, feedback and more training rather than accepting frailty of the design.

# How to thwart human failure

Use design principles that assume human failure will occur from the onset so whenever possible help humans to remember.



Checklists



Double checks



Reminders



Mechanical interfaces



Habits and patterns

## What to expect next...

Next Session: March 5, 2021

#### Topics:

 Session 14: Promoting Solutions for Making the Built Environment Safer During COVID-19

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## Video

https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&feature=share&v=Nw5 KQMXDiM4&ab\_channel=ProbablyTomfoolery













## Wrap Up and Poll

• Please watch your screen and respond to our 2 poll questions as they launch















# Questions?











